

Cougars Sports Waiver From

In consideration of being allowed to participate in any way in the Community Charter School of Paterson's flag football program and related events and activities, the undersigned acknowledges, appreciates, and agrees that:

- -I AFFIRM that neither I, my child(ren), nor anyone in my immediate household, including the student participant in this activity, have been diagnosed with, demonstrated any symptoms of, or have been exposed to COVID-19, and/or any mutation or variation thereof within the past 14 days.
- -I understand that participation in this activity during the COVID-19 Pandemic increases the risk of exposure to COVID-19, and /or any mutation or variation thereof. I am also aware that such exposure can occur directly or indirectly. I understand that the risk of exposure cannot be eliminated. I understand that the risk of exposure includes mandated quarantining, short-or-long-term hospitalization, permanent injury and death, as well as psychological injury. I understand that exposure may impair the participants' future ability to earn a living, to engage in business, social and recreational activities, and to generally enjoy life. I further understand that some individuals are more susceptible to the risks of exposure to COVID-19, including people over the age of 65, people with serious underlying health conditions such as high blood pressure, chronic lung disease, diabetes, obesity, asthma, and those whose immune systems are compromised. I understand that if I or my participating children fall within one of these categories, there is greater risk.

I understand that the Community Charter School of Paterson will NOT assume any liability or responsibility for any injury, illness, death, damages, losses or costs that may occur or be incurred resulting from participation in this activity.

I agree that participation in the activity is VOLUNTARY and based on my independent assessment of all of the risks set forth above. By signing below, I acknowledge that the participant and I are ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE for my/his/her own safety during participation in the Community Charter School of Paterson's flag football-related activities, including the use of facilities and equipment. I understand that primary accident and medical insurance coverage is my responsibility.

Participant's Signature	Date Signed
Print Your Name Here	
Parent Signature	Date Signed
Print Parent Name Here	



Cougars Sports Permission Slip

Students interested in participating in the Cougars Sports program MUST have the following forms: a signed permission slip, current Sports Physical form, Concussion Awareness form, Cardiac Form, and Opioid form awareness form. If you have submitted a physical within the last year, it will be valid but a new Health Update Questionnaire will be required every 90 days. Students are required to maintain a C average and show good work ethic in all academic areas. For Fall sports, academic eligibility will be based on prior year's final report card. Please note that the uniforms are required to be returned at the end of the season to the team coach, in a bag marked with the athlete's name. It must be cleaned. Uniform charges may be incurred for a full amount of uniform if returned with stains, damages or pieces missing.

with stains, damages of pieces missing.		
Please indicate the sports your child will	be participating for the	school year below.
 Fall Football Winter basketball Winter cheerleading Tentative spring baseball/softball Tentative spring track Tentative cheerleading 		
Student	Age Uniform	n size
Asthma History No Yes		
Food Allergy No Yes Epipen	Yes No	
Diabetes No Yes		
The undersigned parent (s) or guardian of to engage in Cougar Sports activities and supervisors, coaches and the Community that may be sustained by said child while thereto. The undersigned parent(s) or guato scheduled games and tournaments.	do hereby waive, release a Charter School of Paterso engaged in Cougar Sports	and discharge the organizers, n, jointly and separately from injuries s activities or matters incidental
Parent Signature or Guardian:	Date	
Parent Printed Name or guardian:	Date	
Emergency Contact Number:		

^{*} Tryouts may be required and will be based on 6 things: athleticism, teamwork, knowledge of the game, attitude/work ethic, commitment/dedication to the team, and specialized abilities/skills. Final participation eligibility will be based on a combination of the tryout results and attendance.

ATTENTION PARENT/GUARDIAN: The preparticipation physical examination (page 3) must be completed by a health care provider who has completed the Student-Athlete Cardiac Assessment Professional Development Module.

■ PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION

HISTORY FORM

implanted defibrillator? 16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning? 17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you to miss a practice or a game? 18. Have you ever had an injury that required x-rays, MRI, CT scan, injections, therapy, a brace, a cast, or crutches? 19. Have you ever had a stress fracture? 10. Have you ever had a stress fracture? 11. Have you ever had a stress fracture? 12. Have you ever had a brace, orthotics, or other assistive device? 13. Do you have a bone, muscle, or joint injury that bothers you?	Medicines and Allergies: Please list all of the prescription and over-the-counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter of the counter medicines and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently take with the counter of the coun	Name					Date of birth		
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23. Do you have a bone, muscle, or joint injury that bothers you? 24. Do any of your joints become painful, swollen, feel warm, or look red?	23. Do you have a bone, muscle, or joint injury that bothers you?								
4. Do any of your joints become painful, swollen, feel warm, or look red?	4. Do any of your joints become painful, swollen, feel warm, or look red?								
		4. Do any of yo	our joints become painful,	swollen, feel warm, or look red?					
5. Do you have any history of juvenile arthritis or connective tissue disease?	5. Do you have any history of juvenile arthritis or connective tissue disease?	5. Do you have	any history of juvenile a	rthritis or connective tissue disease?			***************************************		

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HE0503

9-2681/0410

■ PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION

THE ATHLETE WITH SPECIAL NEEDS: SUPPLEMENTAL HISTORY FORM

Date of Exam	·					
Name				Date of birth		The state of the s
Sex	Age	Grade	School	Sport(s)		
1. Type of d						
2. Date of di						
	tion (if available)					
		sease, accident/trauma, other)				
5. List the sp	ports you are inter	ested in playing				
0.0					Yes	No
		e, assistive device, or prostheti				
		e or assistive device for sports				
		essure sores, or any other skin	problems?			
	ive a riearing loss?	Do you use a hearing aid?				
		ces for bowel or bladder functi	ion?			
		omfort when urinating?	on:			
	had autonomic dys					-
			hermia) or cold-related (hypothermia) illness:			
	ve muscle spastici		nerma, or cold-related (hypotherma) liness:			-
		es that cannot be controlled by	/ medication?		-	
Explain "yes" a			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			L
Explain yes	answers nere					
				195		
				ν		
Place indicate	if you have ever	had any of the fellowing				
i icase muicate	i i you nave ever	had any of the following.			T	
Atlantoaxial ins	tability				Yes	No
					1	
X-ray evaluatio	n for atlantoaxial i	nstability				
	n for atlantoaxial i ts (more than one)					
Dislocated join	ts (more than one)					
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New Jersey Department of Education 2014; Pursuant to P.L.2013, c.71

NOTE: The preparticiaption physical examination must be conducted by a health care provider who 1) is a licensed physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant; and 2) completed the Student-Athlete Cardiac Assessment Professional Development Module.

PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION FORM

Name Date of birth PHYSICIAN REMINDERS 1. Consider additional questions on more sensitive issues Do you feel stressed out or under a lot of pressure? Do you ever feel sad, hopeless, depressed, or anxious? Do you feel safe at your home or residence? Have you ever tried cigarettes, chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip? During the past 30 days, did you use chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip? Do you drink alcohol or use any other drugs? Have you ever taken anabolic steroids or used any other performance supplement? Have you ever taken any supplements to help you gain or lose weight or improve your performance? Do you wear a seat belt, use a helmet, and use condoms? 2. Consider reviewing questions on cardiovascular symptoms (questions 5-14). **EXAMINATION** ☐ Male Height Weight ☐ Female BP Pulse Vision R 20/ L 20/ Corrected □ Y □ N MEDICAL NORMAL **ABNORMAL FINDINGS** Appearance Marfan stigmata (kyphoscoliosis, high-arched palate, pectus excavatum, arachnodactyly, arm span > height, hyperlaxity, myopia, MVP, aortic insufficiency) Eyes/ears/nose/throat Pupils equal Hearing Lymph nodes Heart^a · Murmurs (auscultation standing, suplne, +/- Valsalva) · Location of point of maximal impulse (PMI) Pulses · Simultaneous femoral and radial pulses Lungs Abdomen Genitourinary (males only)b · HSV, lesions suggestive of MRSA, tinea corporis Neurologic c MUSCULOSKELETAL Neck Back Shoulder/arm Elbow/forearm Wrist/hand/fingers Hip/thigh Knee Leg/ankle Foot/toes **Functional** · Duck-walk, single leg hop *Consider ECG, echocardiogram, and referral to cardiology for abnormal cardiac history or exam.

*Consider GU exam if in private setting. Having third party present is recommended. *Consider cognitive evaluation or baseline neuropsychiatric testing if a history of significant concussion. Cleared for all sports without restriction ☐ Cleared for all sports without restriction with recommendations for further evaluation or treatment for ____ □ Not cleared ☐ Pending further evaluation □ For any sports ☐ For certain sports _ Recommendations I have examined the above-named student and completed the preparticipation physical evaluation. The athlete does not present apparent clinical contraindications to practice and participate in the sport(s) as outlined above. A copy of the physical exam is on record in my office and can be made available to the school at the request of the parents. If conditions arise after the athlete has been cleared for participation, a physician may rescind the clearance until the problem is resolved and the potential consequences are completely explained to the athlete (and parents/quardians). Name of physician, advanced practice nurse (APN), physician assistant (PA) (print/type)___ Date of exam Address Phone ___ Signature of physician, APN, PA

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PREPARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION

CLEARANCE FORM

Name		Sex 🗆 M 🗆 F Age	Date of birth
☐ Cleared for	all sports without restriction		
☐ Cleared for	all sports without restriction with recommendat	ions for further evaluation or treatment for	
□ Not cleared	i		
	Pending further evaluation		
	For any sports		
	For certain sports		
	Reason		
Recommendat	ions		
-			
-			
			*
EMERGEN	CY INFORMATION		
Allergies			
-			
Other informati	on		
HCP OFFICE ST		SCHOOL PHYSICIAN:	
		STORAGE STORAG	
		Reviewed on	(Date)
		Approved Not A	pproved
		Signature:	
l have evami	ned the shove-named student and comm	leted the preparticipation physical evaluation. Th	on athlete does not average and average.
clinical contr	aindications to practice and participate	in the sport(s) as outlined above. A copy of the p	hysical exam is on record in my office
and can be n	nade available to the school at the reque	st of the parents. If conditions arise after the athloblem is resolved and the potential consequences	lete has been cleared for participation,
(and parents	guardians).	mieni is resolveu and the potential consequences	are completely explained to the athlete
Name of physi	cian, advanced practice nurse (APN), physicia	an assistant (PA)	Date
Address			
Signature of phy			
	diac Assessment Professional Development l		
Date	Signature		

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Website Resources

- http://tinyurl.com/m2gjmvq Sudden Death in Athletes
- Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy Association www.4hcm.org
- American Heart Association www.heart.org

Collaborating Agencies:

3836 Quakerbridge Road, Suite 108 American Academy of Pediatrics New Jersey Chapter Hamilton, NJ 08619 (p) 609-842-0014 (f) 609-842-0015 www.aapnj.org



Union Street, Suite 301 Robbinsville, NJ, 08691 (p) 609-208-0020

www.heart.org



www.state.nj.us/education/ Frenton, NJ 08625-0500 (p) 609-292-5935



New Jersey Department of Health P.O. Box 360

Frenton, NJ 08625-0360 (p) 609-292-7837

www.state.nj.us/health

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American Academy of Pediatrics DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN-



Learn and Live American Heart Association



SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH IN YOUNG ATHLETES

udden death in young athletes between the ages of 10 done to prevent this kind of What, if anything, can be and 19 is very rare. tragedy?

What is sudden cardiac death

ultimately dies unless normal heart rhythm time) during or immediately after exercise heart function, usually (about 60% of the pumping adequately, the athlete quickly result of an unexpected failure of proper is restored using an automated external without trauma. Since the heart stops collapses, loses consciousness, and Sudden cardiac death is the defibrillator (AED),

How common is sudden death in young

Sudden cardiac death in young athletes is The chance of sudden death occurring to any individual high school athlete is reported in the United States per year. very rare. About 100 such deaths are about one in 200,000 per year.

other sports; and in African-Americans than common: in males than in females; in football and basketball than in in other races and ethnic groups. Sudden cardiac death is more

What are the most common causes?

by one of several cardiovascular abnormalities roo-LAY-shun). The problem is usually caused ventricular fibrillation (ven- TRICK-you-lar fib-Research suggests that the main cause is a and electrical diseases of the heart that go loss of proper heart rhythm, causing the blood to the brain and body. This is called unnoticed in healthy-appearing athletes. heart to quiver instead of pumping

muscle, which can cause serious heart rhythm also called HCM. HCM is a disease of the heart, The most common cause of sudden death in problems and blockages to blood flow. This (hi-per-TRO-fic CAR- dee-oh-my-OP-a-thee) genetic disease runs in families and usually an athlete is hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with abnormal thickening of the heart develops gradually over many years.

blood vessels are connected to (commonly called "coronary artery disease," which may lead to a heart arteries. This means that these heart in an abnormal way. This differs from blockages that may The second most likely cause is congenital the main blood vessel of the occur when people get older abnormalities of the coronary con-JEN-it-al) (i.e., present from birth) attack).

Other diseases of the heart that can lead to sudden death in young people include:

- inflammation of the heart muscle (usually Myocarditis (my-oh-car-DIE-tis), an acute due to a virus).
- Dilated cardiomyopathy, an enlargement of the heart for unknown reasons.
- abnormal fast heart rhythms that can also Long QT syndrome and other electrical abnormalities of the heart which cause run in families.
- Marfan syndrome, an inherited disorder generally seen in unusually tall athletes, especially if being tall is not common in that affects heart valves, walls of major arteries, eyes and the skeleton. It is other family members.

Are there warning signs to watch for?

In more than a third of these sudden cardiac deaths, there were warning signs that were not reported or taken seriously. Warning signs are:

- Fainting, a seizure or convulsions during physical activity;
- excitement, emotional distress or being Fainting or a seizure from emotional startled;
- Dizziness or lightheadedness, especially during exertion;
- Chest pains, at rest or during exertion;
- extra beats) during athletics or during cool down periods after athletic participation; beating unusually (skipping, irregular or Palpitations - awareness of the heart
- Fatigue or tiring more quickly than peers; or
- to shortness of breath (labored breathing). Being unable to keep up with friends due

What are the current recommendations for screening young athletes?

SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH IN YOUNG ATHLETES

once per year. The New Jersey Department of ("medical home") or school physician at least Education requires use of the specific Preparticipation Physical Examination Form (PPE), New Jersey requires all school athletes to be examined by their primary care physician

student-athletes answering questions about shortness of breath); and questions about symptoms during exercise (such as chest This process begins with the parents and pain, dizziness, fainting, palpitations or family health history.

because it is so essential to identify those at drowning or car accidents. This information during physical activity or during a seizure. know if any family member died suddenly must be provided annually for each exam The primary healthcare provider needs to They also need to know if anyone in the unexplained sudden death such as family under the age of 50 had an risk for sudden cardiac death.

measurement of blood pressure and a careful discovered on exam, no further evaluation or istening examination of the heart, especially there are no warning signs reported on the for murmurs and rhythm abnormalities. If The required physical exam includes health history and no abnormalities testing is recommended.

Are there options privately available to screen for cardiac conditions?

including a 12-lead electrocardiogram (ECG) noninvasive and painless options parents may consider in addition to the required Technology-based screening programs and echocardiogram (ECHO) are

the American Academy of Pediatrics and the addition to the expense, other limitations of possibility of "false positives" which leads to expensive and are not currently advised by American College of Cardiology unless the PPE reveals an indication for these tests. In parent or guardian as well as unnecessary PPE. However, these procedures may be unnecessary stress for the student and restriction from athletic participation. technology-based tests include the

options under the Surgeon General's Family and Human Services offers risk assessment The United States Department of Health History Initiative available at

http://www.hhs.gov/familyhistory/index.html.

When should a student athlete see a

electrocardiogram (ECG), which is a graph of echocardiogram, which is an ultrasound test specialist may also order a treadmill exercise If the primary healthcare provider or school to allow for direct visualization of the heart physician has concerns, a referral to a child recommended. This specialist will perform recording of the heart rhythm. None of the neart specialist, a pediatric cardiologist, is a more thorough evaluation, including an structure, will likely also be done. The the electrical activity of the heart. An test and a monitor to enable a longer testing is invasive or uncomfortable.

Can sudden cardiac death be prevented just through proper screening?

all, conditions that would cause sudden death A proper evaluation should find most, but not are difficult to uncover and may only develop in the athlete. This is because some diseases later in life. Others can develop following a

infection of the heart muscle from a virus. normal screening evaluation, such as an

proper screening and evaluation, most cases athlete's primary healthcare provider. With review of the family health history need to This is why screening evaluations and a be performed on a yearly basis by the can be identified and prevented.

Why have an AED on site during sporting

fibrillation caused by a blow to the chest over fibrillation is immediate use of an automated restore the heart back into a normal rhythm. The only effective treatment for ventricular external defibrillator (AED). An AED can An AED is also life-saving for ventricular the heart (commotio cordis).

sponsored athletic event or team practice in New Jersey public and nonpublic schools including any of grades K through 12, the N.J.S.A. 18A:40-41a through c, known as Janet's Law," requires that at any schoolfollowing must be available:

- property within a reasonable proximity to An AED in an unlocked location on school the athletic field or gymnasium; and
- other designated staff member if there is no certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation A team coach, licensed athletic trainer, or coach or licensed athletic trainer present, (CPR) and the use of the AED; or
- provider or other certified first responder. A State-certified emergency services

no more than a 1 to 11/2 minute walk from any ocation and that a call is made to activate 911 central location that is accessible and ideally recommends the AED should be placed in emergency system while the AED is being The American Academy of Pediatrics

Sports-Related Concussion and Head Injury Fact Sheet and Parent/Guardian Acknowledgement Form

A concussion is a brain injury that can be caused by a blow to the head or body that disrupts normal functioning of the brain. Concussions are a type of Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), which can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally functions. Concussions can cause significant and sustained neuropsychological impairment affecting problem solving, planning, memory, attention, concentration, and behavior.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimates that 300,000 concussions are sustained during sports related activities nationwide, and more than 62,000 concussions are sustained each year in high school contact sports. Second-impact syndrome occurs when a person sustains a second concussion while still experiencing symptoms of a previous concussion. It can lead to severe impairment and even death of the victim.

Legislation (P.L. 2010, Chapter 94) signed on December 7, 2010, mandated measures to be taken in order to ensure the safety of K-12 student-athletes involved in interscholastic sports in New Jersey. It is imperative that athletes, coaches, and parent/guardians are educated about the nature and treatment of sports related concussions and other head injuries. The legislation states that:

- All Coaches, Athletic Trainers, School Nurses, and School/Team Physicians shall complete an Interscholastic Head Injury Safety Training Program by the 2011-2012 school year.
- All school districts, charter, and non-public schools that participate in interscholastic sports will distribute
 annually this educational fact to all student athletes and obtain a signed acknowledgement from each
 parent/guardian and student-athlete.
- Each school district, charter, and non-public school shall develop a written policy describing the
 prevention and treatment of sports-related concussion and other head injuries sustained by interscholastic
 student-athletes.
- Any student-athlete who participates in an interscholastic sports program and is suspected of sustaining a concussion will be immediately removed from competition or practice. The student-athlete will not be allowed to return to competition or practice until he/she has written clearance from a physician trained in concussion treatment and has completed his/her district's graduated return-to-play protocol.

Quick Facts

- Most concussions do not involve loss of consciousness
- You can sustain a concussion even if you do not hit your head
- A blow elsewhere on the body can transmit an "impulsive" force to the brain and cause a concussion

Signs of Concussions (Observed by Coach, Athletic Trainer, Parent/Guardian)

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Forgets plays or demonstrates short term memory difficulties (e.g. unsure of game, opponent)
- Exhibits difficulties with balance, coordination, concentration, and attention
- Answers questions slowly or inaccurately
- Demonstrates behavior or personality changes
- Is unable to recall events prior to or after the hit or fall

Symptoms of Concussion (Reported by Student-Athlete)

- Headache
- Nausea/vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double vision or changes in vision

- Sensitivity to light/sound
- Feeling of sluggishness or fogginess
- Difficulty with concentration, short term memory, and/or confusion

What Should a Student-Athlete do if they think they have a concussion?

- Don't hide it. Tell your Athletic Trainer, Coach, School Nurse, or Parent/Guardian.
- **Report it**. Don't return to competition or practice with symptoms of a concussion or head injury. The sooner you report it, the sooner you may return-to-play.
- Take time to recover. If you have a concussion your brain needs time to heal. While your brain is healing you are much more likely to sustain a second concussion. Repeat concussions can cause permanent brain injury.

What can happen if a student-athlete continues to play with a concussion or returns to play to soon?

- Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the student-athlete vulnerable to second impact syndrome.
- Second impact syndrome is when a student-athlete sustains a second concussion while still having symptoms from a previous concussion or head injury.
- Second impact syndrome can lead to severe impairment and even death in extreme cases.

Should there be any temporary academic accommodations made for Student-Athletes who have suffered a concussion?

- To recover cognitive rest is just as important as physical rest. Reading, texting, testing-even watching movies can slow down a student-athletes recovery.
- Stay home from school with minimal mental and social stimulation until all symptoms have resolved.
- Students may need to take rest breaks, spend fewer hours at school, be given extra time to complete assignments, as well as being offered other instructional strategies and classroomaccommodations.

Student-Athletes who have sustained a concussion should complete a graduated return-to-play before they may resume competition or practice, according to the following protocol:

- Step 1: Completion of a full day of normal cognitive activities (school day, studying for tests, watching practice, interacting with peers) without reemergence of any signs or symptoms. If no return of symptoms, next day advance.
- Step 2: Light Aerobic exercise, which includes walking, swimming, and stationary cycling, keeping the intensity below 70% maximum heart rate. No resistance training. The objective of this step is increased heart rate.
- Step 3: Sport-specific exercise including skating, and/or running: no head impact activities. The objective of this step is to add movement.
- Step 4: Non-contact training drills (e.g. passing drills). Student-athlete may initiate resistance training.
- Step 5: Following medical clearance (consultation between school health care personnel and studentathlete's physician), participation in normal training activities. The objective of this step is to restore confidence and assess functional skills by coaching and medical staff.
- Step 6: Return to play involving normal exertion or game activity.

For further information on Sports-Related Concussions and other Head Injuries, please visit:

- CDC Heads Up
- Keeping Heads Healthy
- National Federation of State High School Associations
- Athletic Trainers' Society of New Jersey

Signature of Student-Athlete	Print Student-Athlete's Name	Date
Signature of Parent/Guardian	Print Parent/Guardian's Name	Date



Opioid Use and Misuse Educational Fact Sheet

Keeping Student-Athletes Safe

School athletics can serve an integral role in students' development. In addition to providing healthy forms of exercise, school athletics foster friendships and camaraderie, promote sportsmanship and fair play, and instill the value of competition.

Unfortunately, sports activities may also lead to injury and, in rare cases, result in pain that is severe or long-lasting enough to require a prescription opioid painkiller. It is important to understand that overdoses from opioids are on the rise and are killing Americans of all ages and backgrounds. Families and communities across the country are coping with the health, emotional and economic effects of this epidemic. 2

This educational fact sheet, created by the New Jersey Department of Education as required by state law (*N.J.S.A.* 18A:40-41.10), provides information concerning the use and misuse of opioid drugs in the event that a health care provider prescribes a student-athlete or cheerleader an opioid for a sports-related injury. Student-athletes and cheerleaders participating in an interscholastic sports program (and their parent or guardian, if the student is under age 18) must provide their school district written acknowledgement of their receipt of this fact sheet.

How Do Athletes Obtain Opioids?

In some cases, student-athletes are prescribed these medications. According to research, about a third of young people studied obtained pills from their own previous prescriptions (i.e., an unfinished prescription used outside of a physician's supervision), and 83 percent of adolescents had unsupervised access to their prescription medications.³ It is important for parents to understand the possible hazard of having unsecured prescription medications in their households. Parents should also understand the importance of proper storage and disposal of medications, even if they believe their child would not engage in non-medical use or diversion of prescription medications.

What Are Signs of Opioid Abuse?

According to the National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence, 12 percent of male athletes and 8 percent of female athletes had used prescription opioids in the 12-month period studied.³ In the early stages of abuse, the athlete may exhibit unprovoked nausea and/or vomiting. However, as he or she develops a tolerance to the drug, those signs will diminish. Constipation is not uncommon, but may not be reported.

One of the most significant indications of a possible opioid addiction is an athlete's decrease in academic or athletic performance, or a lack of interest in his or her sport. If these warning signs are noticed, best practices call for the student to be referred to the appropriate professional for screening,⁴ such as provided through an evidence-based practice to identify problematic use, abuse and dependence on illicit drugs (e.g., Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT)) offered through the New Jersey Department of Health.

What Are Some Ways Opioid Use and Misuse Can Be Prevented?

According to the New Jersey State Interscholastic Athletic Association (NJSIAA) Sports Medical Advisory Committee chair, John P. Kripsak, D.O., "Studies indicate that about 80 percent of heroin users started out by abusing narcotic painkillers."

The Sports Medical Advisory Committee, which includes representatives of NJSIAA member schools as well as experts in the field of healthcare and medicine, recommends the following:

- The pain from most sports-related injuries can be managed with non-narcotic medications such as acetaminophen, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medications like ibuprofen, naproxen or aspirin. Read the label carefully and always take the recommended dose, or follow your doctor's instructions. More is not necessarily better when taking an over-the-counter (OTC) pain medication, and it can lead to dangerous side effects.¹⁰
- Ice therapy can be utilized appropriately as an anesthetic.
- Always discuss with your physician exactly what is being prescribed for pain and request to avoid narcotics.
- In extreme cases, such as severe trauma or post-surgical pain, opioid pain medication should not be prescribed for more than five days at a time;
- Parents or guardians should always control the dispensing of pain medications and keep them in a safe, non-accessible location; and
- Unused medications should be disposed of immediately upon cessation of use. Ask your pharmacist about drop-off locations or home disposal kits like Deterra or Medsaway.

Table 1: Number of Injuries Nationally in 2012 among Athletes 19 and Under from 10 Popular Sports (Based on data from U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System)

Sport	Number of Injuries
Football	394,350
Basketball	389,610
Soccer	172,470
Baseball	119,810
Softball	58,210
Volleyball	43,190
Wrestling	40,750
Cheerleading	37,770
Gymnastics	28,300

Sport	Number of Injuries	
Track and Field	24,910	

Source: USA Today (Janet Loehrke), Survey of Emergency Room Visits

Even With Proper Training and Prevention, Sports Injuries May Occur

There are two kinds of sports injuries. Acute injuries happen suddenly, such as a sprained ankle or strained back. Chronic injuries may happen after someone plays a sport or exercises over a long period of time, even when applying overuse-preventative techniques.⁵

Athletes should be encouraged to speak up about injuries, coaches should be supported in injury-prevention decisions, and parents and young athletes are encouraged to become better educated about sports safety.⁶

What Are Some Ways to Reduce the Risk of Injury?7

Half of all sports medicine injuries in children and teens are from overuse. An overuse injury is damage to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon caused by repetitive stress without allowing time for the body to heal. Children and teens are at increased risk for overuse injuries because growing bones are less resilient to stress. Also, young athletes may not know that certain symptoms are signs of overuse.

The best way to deal with sports injuries is to keep them from happening in the first place. Here are some recommendations to consider:

Prepare

Obtain the preparticipation physical evaluation prior to participation on a school-sponsored interscholastic or intramural athletic team or squad.

Conditioning

Maintain a good fitness level during the season and offseason. Also important are proper warm-up and cooldown exercises.

Play Smart

Try a variety of sports and consider specializing in one sport before late adolescence to help avoid overuse injuries.

Adequate Hydration

Keep the body hydrated to help the heart more easily pump blood to muscles, which helps muscles work efficiently.

Training

Increase weekly training time, mileage or repetitions no more than 10 percent per week. For example, if running 10 miles one week, increase to 11 miles the following week. Athletes should

also cross-train and perform sport-specific drills in different ways, such as running in a swimming pool instead of only running on the road.

Rest up

Take at least one day off per week from organized activity to recover physically and mentally. Athletes should take a combined three months off per year from a specific sport (may be divided throughout the year in one-month increments). Athletes may remain physically active during rest periods through alternative low-stress activities such as stretching, yoga or walking.

Proper Equipment

Wear appropriate and properly fitted protective equipment such as pads (neck, shoulder, elbow, chest, knee, and shin), helmets, mouthpieces, face guards, protective cups, and eyewear. Do not assume that protective gear will prevent all injuries while performing more dangerous or risky activities.

Resources for Parents and Students on Preventing Substance Misuse and Abuse The following list provides some examples of resources:

<u>National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence–NJ</u> promotes addiction treatment and recovery.

<u>New Jersey Department of Health, Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services</u> is committed to ensuring that its programs and services reflect integrated health and other national best practices, are inclusive, evidence-based, recovery-based, and consumer driven.

New Jersey Prevention Network includes a parent's quiz on the effects of opioids.

<u>Operation Prevention Parent Toolkit</u> is designed to help parents learn more about the opioid epidemic, recognize warning signs, and open lines of communication with their children and those in the community.

<u>Parent to Parent NJ</u> is a grassroots for families and children struggling with alcohol and drug addiction.

<u>Partnership for a Drug Free New Jersey</u> is New Jersey's anti-drug alliance created to localize and strengthen drug-prevention media efforts to prevent unlawful drug use, especially among young people.

<u>The Science of Addiction: The Stories of Teens</u> shares common misconceptions about opioids through the voices of teens.

Youth IMPACTing NJ is made up of youth representatives from coalitions across the state of New Jersey who have been impacting their communities and peers by spreading the word about the dangers of underage drinking, marijuana use, and other substance misuse.

References

- ¹ Massachusetts Technical Assistance Partnership for Prevention
- ² Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- ³ New Jersey State Interscholastic Athletic Association (NJSIAA) Sports Medical Advisory Committee (SMAC)
- ⁴ Athletic Management, David Csillan, athletic trainer, Ewing High School, NJSIAA SMAC
- ⁵ National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases
- ⁶ USA Today
- ⁷ American Academy of Pediatrics

This fact sheet was developed by the New Jersey Department of Education, in consultation with the New Jersey Department of Health, the New Jersey State Interscholastic Athletic Association, and Karan Chauhan, a student at Parsippany Hills High School who serves as the student representative to the State Board of Education. Updated Jan. 30, 2018.

An online version of this fact sheet is available on the New Jersey Department of Education's Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use webpage.

SPORTS-RELATED

EYE INJURIES:

AN EDUCATIONAL FACT SHEET FOR PARENTS





Participating in sports and recreational activities is an important part of a healthy, physically active lifestyle for children. Unfortunately, injuries can, and do, occur. Children are at particular risk for sustaining a sports-related eye injury and most of these injuries can be prevented. Every year, more than 30,000 children sustain serious sports-related eye injuries. Every 13 minutes, an emergency room in the United States treats a sports-related eye injury. According to the National Eye Institute, the sports with the highest rate of eye injuries are: baseball/softball, ice hockey, racquet sports, and basketball, followed by fencing, lacrosse, paintball and boxing.

Thankfully, there are steps that parents can take to ensure their children's safety on the field, the court, or wherever they play or participate in sports and recreational activities.

Prevention of Sports-Related Eye Injuries

Approximately 90% of sports-related eye injuries can be prevented with simple precautions, such as using protective eyewear.² Each sport has a certain type of recommended protective eyewear, as determined by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). Protective eyewear should sit comfortably on the face. Poorly fitted equipment may be uncomfortable, and may not offer the best eye protection. Protective eyewear for sports includes, among other things, safety goggles and eye guards, and it should be made of polycarbonate lenses, a strong, shatterproof plastic. Polycarbonate lenses are much stronger than regular lenses.³

Health care providers (HCP), including family physicians, ophthalmologists, optometrists, and others, play a critical role in advising students, parents and guardians about the proper use of protective eyewear. To find out what kind of eye protection is recommended, and permitted for your child's sport, visit the National Eye Institute at http://www.nei.nih.gov/sports/findingprotection.asp. Prevent Blindness America also offers tips for choosing and buying protective eyewear at http://www.preventblindness.org/tips-buying-sports-eye-protectors, and http://www.preventblindness.org/ recommended-sports-eye-protectors.

It is recommended that all children participating in school sports or recreational sports wear protective eyewear. Parents and coaches need to make sure young athletes protect their eyes, and properly gear up for the game. Protective eyewear should be part of any uniform to help reduce the occurrence of sports-related eye injuries. Since many youth teams do not require eye protection, parents may need to ensure that their children wear safety glasses or goggles whenever they play sports. Parents can set a good example by wearing protective eyewear when they play sports.

¹ National Eye Institute, National Eye Health Education Program, Sports-Related Eye Injuries: What You Need to Know and Tips for Prevention, www.nei.nih.gov/sports/pdf/sportsrelatedeyeInjuries.pdf, December 26, 2013.

² Rodriguez, Jorge O., D.O., and Lavina, Adrian M., M.D., Prevention and Treatment of Common Eye Injuries in Sports, http://www.aafp.org/afp/2003/0401/p1481.html, September 4, 2014; National Eye Health Education Program, Sports-Related Eye Injuries: What You Need to Know and Tips for Prevention, www.nei.nih.gov/sports/pdf/sportsrelatedeyeInjuries.pdf, December 26, 2013.

³ Bedinghaus, Troy, O.D., Sports Eye Injuries, http://vision.about.com/od/emergencyeyecare/a/Sports_Injuries.htm, December 27, 2013.

Most Common
Types of Eye
Injuries

The most common types of eye injuries that can result from sports injuries are blunt injuries, corneal abrasions and penetrating injuries.

- ◆ Blunt injuries: Blunt injuries occur when the eye is suddenly compressed by impact from an object. Blunt injuries, often caused by tennis balls, racquets, fists or elbows, sometimes cause a black eye or hyphema (bleeding in front of the eye). More serious blunt injuries often break bones near the eye, and may sometimes seriously damage important eye structures and/or lead to vision loss.
- Corneal abrasions: Corneal abrasions are painful scrapes on the outside of the eye, or the cornea. Most corneal abrasions eventually heal on their

own, but a doctor can best assess the extent of the abrasion, and may prescribe medication to help control the pain. The most common cause of a sports-related corneal abrasion is being poked in the eye by a finger.

- Penetrating injuries: Penetrating injuries are caused by a foreign object piercing the eye. Penetrating injuries are very serious, and often result in severe damage to the eye. These injuries often occur when eyeglasses break while they are being worn. Penetrating injuries must be treated quickly in order to preserve vision.⁴
- Pain when looking up and/or down, or difficulty seeing;
- Tenderness;
- Sunken eye;
- Double vision;
- Severe eyelid and facial swelling;
- Difficulty tracking;

Signs or Symptoms of an Eye Injury



- The eye has an unusual pupil size or shape;
- Blood in the clear part of the eye;
- Numbness of the upper cheek and gum; and/or
- Severe redness around the white part of the eye.

What to do if a Sports-Related Eye Injury Occurs

If a child sustains an eye injury, it is recommended that he/she receive immediate treatment from a licensed HCP (e.g., eye doctor) to reduce the risk of serious damage, including blindness. It is also recommended that the child, along with his/her parent or guardian, seek guidance from the HCP regarding the appropriate amount of time to wait before returning to sports competition or practice after sustaining an eye injury. The school nurse and the child's teachers should also be notified when a child sustains an eye injury. A parent or guardian should also provide the school nurse with a physician's note detailing the nature of the eye injury, any diagnosis, medical orders for

the return to school, as well as any prescription(s) and/or treatment(s) necessary to promote healing, and the safe resumption of normal activities, including sports and recreational activities.

Return to Play and Sports

According to the American Family Physician Journal, there are several guidelines that should be followed when students return to play after sustaining an eye injury. For

example, students who have sustained significant ocular injury should receive a full examination and clearance by an ophthalmologist or optometrist. In addition, students should not return to play until the period of time recommended by their HCP has elapsed. For more minor eye injuries, the athletic trainer may determine that

it is safe for a student to resume play based on the nature of the injury, and how the student feels. No matter what degree of eye injury is sustained, it is recommended that students wear protective eyewear when returning to play and immediately report any concerns with their vision to their coach and/or the athletic trainer.

Additional information on eye safety can be found at http://isee.nei.nih.gov and http://www.nei.nih.gov/sports.

New Jersey Department of Education Health History Update Questionnaire

Name of School:				
examination was com	chool-sponsored interscholastic or in apleted more than 90 days prior to sted and signed by the student's par	the first day of official prac		
Student:			Age:	Grade:
Date of Last Physical	Examination:	Sport:		
Since the last pre-pa	rticipation physical examination	, has your son/daughter:		
1. Been medically add If yes, describe in	vised not to participate in a sport? detail:	Yes No		
2. Sustained a concus If yes, explain in d	sion, been unconscious or lost mer	mory from a blow to the hea	ad? Yes 1	No
3. Broken a bone or sulf yes, describe in	prained/strained/dislocated any mu detail.	uscle or joints? Yes No		
4. Fainted or "blacked If yes, was this du	l out?" Yes No			
5. Experienced chest part of the state of th	pains, shortness of breath or "racing	g heart?" Yes No		
6. Has there been a re-	cent history of fatigue and unusual	tiredness? Yes No		
7. Been hospitalized of If yes, explain in d	or had to go to the emergency room	n? Yes No		,
	cal examination, has there been a sock or "heart trouble?" Yes No	processor.	or has any me	ember of the family under age
9. Started or stopped t	aking any over-the-counter or pres	cribed medications? Yes	No	
10. Been diagnosed w	ith Coronavirus (COVID-19)? Ye	s No		
	a Coronavirus (COVID-19), was yo a Coronavirus (COVID-19), was yo			No No
	of the student-athlete's household b		-	
Date:	Signature of parent/guardia	n:		
	Please Return Completed Fo	orm to the School Nurse's	Office	

State of New Jersey DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Name of School District: Community Charter School of Paterson Name of Local School: Community Charter School of Paterson

Sudden Cardiac Death Pamphlet*	
I/We acknowledge that we received and reviewed the Sudden pamphlet.	Cardiac Death in Young Athletes
Student Signature:	Date:
Parent/Guardian Signature:	Date:
Concussion Fact Sheet*	
I/We acknowledge that we received and reviewed the Sports-Finjury Fact Sheet.	
Student Signature:	Date:
Parent/Guardian Signature:	Date:
Opioid Use and Misuse Educational Fact Sheet* I/We acknowledge that we received and reviewed the Opioid L	lse and Misuse Educational Fact
Sheet.	oo ana mioase Educational Fact
Student Signature:	Date:
Student Signature:Parent/Guardian Signature:	Date:
Sports-Related Eye Injury Fact Sheet**	
I/We acknowledge that we received and reviewed the Sports-R	Related Eye Injury Fact Sheet.
Student Signature:	Date:
Parent/Guardian Signature:	Date:

^{*}These documents are required for athletic participation. New Jersey Department of Education 2014: pursuant to the Scholastic Student-Athlete Safety Act, P./L. 2013, c. 71 ** This document is not required by the Dept. of Education, but the CCSP Health Office recommends that it be read and acknowledged.